

## **Definitions of CSHCN:**

### **SSI**

Physical or mental condition that seriously limits activities **and**

The condition must have lasted, or be expected to last, at least one year or result in death

**\*\*Leaves the overall disability determination up to the individual states**

### **Medicaid**

Fall under “categorically needy” groups

Institutionalized individuals with limited income and resources

Persons who would be eligible if institutionalized but are receiving care under home and community-based services waivers

SSI recipients

### **AHCCCS/ALTCS**

Blind or disabled individuals who need ongoing services at a nursing facility level of care

Not required to live in a nursing home

### **MCHB**

Those children who have, or are increased risk for, chronic physical, developmental, behavioral, or emotional conditions and who require health and related services of a type or amount beyond that required by children generally

### **Ruth Stein, et al (1993): Commonly used in medical home publications**

A chronic condition must: 1) have a biologic, psychologic, or cognitive basis, 2) have lasted or is expected to last at least one year, and 3) produces one or more sequelae including: Limitation of function, activities, or social role; dependency on medications, special diets, medical technology, assistive devices, or personal assistance to compensate for limitations; the need for related medical psychologic, educational, or other services over and above the usual for the child’s age; or require ongoing treatments, interventions, or accommodations at home or in school

## **What are the healthcare-related outcomes we want to prevent?**

1. Duplication of services
2. Hospitalization rates
3. Emergency room usage
4. Institutionalization
5. Abuse/neglect
6. Poverty
7. Substance abuse
8. Mental health issues